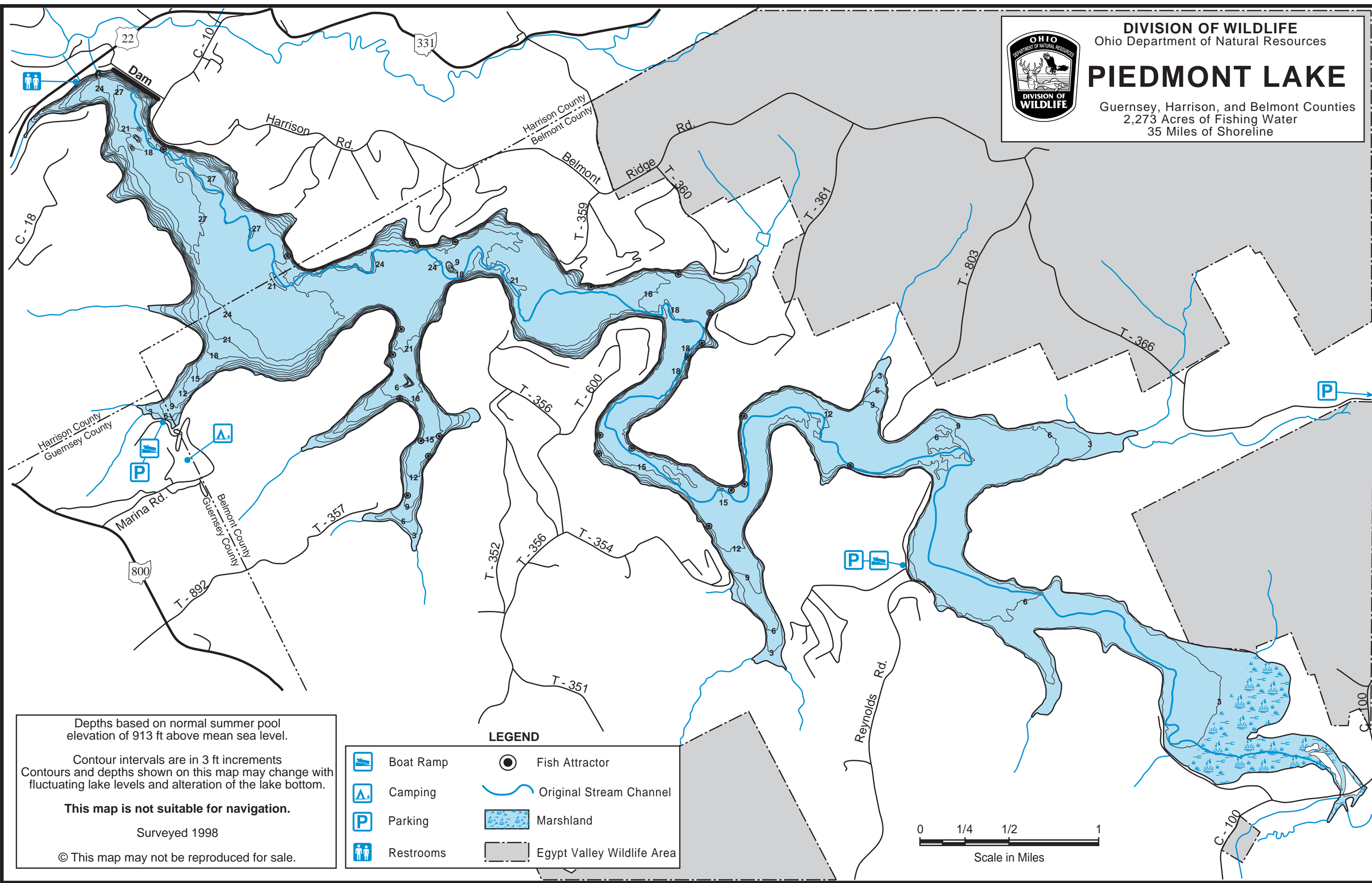




DIVISION OF WILDLIFE
Ohio Department of Natural Resources

PIEDMONT LAKE

Guernsey, Harrison, and Belmont Counties
2,273 Acres of Fishing Water
35 Miles of Shoreline



Depths based on normal summer pool elevation of 913 ft above mean sea level.

Contour intervals are in 3 ft increments
Contours and depths shown on this map may change with fluctuating lake levels and alteration of the lake bottom.

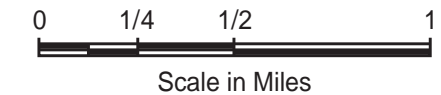
This map is not suitable for navigation.

Surveyed 1998

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LEGEND

	Boat Ramp		Fish Attractor
	Camping		Original Stream Channel
	Parking		Marshland
	Restrooms		Egypt Valley Wildlife Area



PIEDMONT LAKE

Guernsey, Harrison, and Belmont Counties

LOCATION

Piedmont Lake is in Belmont and Harrison counties in the eastern part of the state. The largest portion of the lake lies in Kirkwood and Flushing Townships of Belmont County, with a small segment in Moorefield Township of Harrison County. The lake is on State Route 22 midway between Cambridge and Cadiz and approximately 10 miles north of Interstate 70 off State Route 800.

HISTORY AND DESCRIPTION

The dam was constructed by the U.S. Army Corps of Engineers for flood control. The lake is in the Muskingum Watershed Conservancy District's chain of lakes and all boating, swimming, camping, and picnicking is under MWCD control. The Division of Wildlife annually leases public fishing and hunting rights on MWCD lakes and lands.

Piedmont Lake was impounded by a dam across Stillwater Creek and is kept at a conservation pool level of 2,270 acres (elevation 913.0 feet), except in times of extreme flooding. The lake reached conservation pool in March 1942. It attained a maximum depth of 38 feet with a mean depth of 14.9 feet. The lake is approximately 10 miles long.

Piedmont Lake is considered by many to be the most scenic of all the MWCD lakes. It is set in rough, hilly, unglaciated terrain, most of which is heavily wooded. Few buildings are visible throughout its entire length.

FISH OF INTEREST TO ANGLERS

Piedmont Lake is noted statewide for its large muskellunge, excellent saugeye, shovelhead catfish, and channel catfish fishery. The existing state record for muskellunge was taken from this lake. In addition, the lake has good populations of largemouth bass, smallmouth bass, and bluegills. Species of fish stocked by the Division of Wildlife include saugeyes, muskellunge, and channel catfish.

METHODS OF FISHING AND BEST FISHING SITES

Spring and fall fishing is the most popular with the muskie angler. Casting or trolling the bays in April and May with large deep-diving plugs provides the best chance for hooking a muskie. Later, the increase in water temperature drives the muskie to deeper water and during the summer months and into early fall trolling the dam area of the lake should provide the best action, especially during early morning and evening.

Largemouth bass fishermen have the most success from mid-lake to the upper or shallower end. Working artificial nightcrawlers or live nightcrawlers and spinner baits on early warm March and April days should provide some action in the shallow bays. In late April and May, long sloping points worked with the same lures plus deep-diving lures should produce fish. During the summer, morning and evening hours are productive, working the shoreline first and then deeper structures during mid-day.

Smallmouth bass are caught mainly from mid-lake to the dam. Early spring fishing in April should provide the best action. Live nightcrawlers and spinner baits should be worked around the rocky shoreline and shaley points. Deeper structures such as long sloping points with dropoffs into deep water are productive during the summer months. Sometimes trolling these deep points and breaks with deep-diving lures and spinner baits produces good results.

MWCD personnel and the Division of Wildlife have cooperated to produce fish attractors such as Christmas tree piles and felled shoreline trees in the lake. This added structure is excellent for concentrating bluegills, largemouth bass, and a limited white crappie population.

Fair to good bluegill fishing is experienced from May through July on worms and larval baits.

Saugeye fishing is excellent year round at Piedmont Lake. Winter ice fishing and early spring fishing over submerged roadbeds and drop-offs at the lower end of the lake produce good catches. Vercicle jiggging jigs or spoons tipped with either minnows or nightcrawlers and blade baits such as cicadas and sonars are popular with anglers. During late spring, summer, and fall months, saugeyes disperse throughout the lake and can be taken by trolling or drifting over shallow flats and long sloping points. Early morning and late evening are typically peak feeding times for saugeye.

Both shovelhead and channel catfish in Piedmont Lake are at a premium. Excellent results are achieved during July, August, and September by fishing with nightcrawlers, shrimp, chicken liver, or large suckers just off the bottom at night. The designated trotline area in the upper end of the lake is especially good.

RECREATIONAL FACILITIES

Boat launching facilities, food, gasoline, and boats and motors are available for rent at Piedmont Marina, 740/658-3735, at the northern end of the lake off State Route 800. Camping (requiring a special MWCD permit available at the marina), is also nearby. Outboard motors may not exceed 10 horsepower.

FISH OHIO

Anglers who catch a big fish should enter their prize in the Fish Ohio angler recognition program. A fish qualifies for an award if it meets the minimum size requirement set for the Fish Ohio program. Applications are available from the ODNR Division of Wildlife and from many tackle and bait stores.

FISH MANAGEMENT ACTIVITIES

The Division of Wildlife's fish management activities include stocking, population monitoring with nets, seines, electrofishing surveys, and creel census, felling trees and preparing Christmas tree piles to act as fish attractors, and conducting general physical and chemical water quality analyses. A continuing check of water quality and fish populations is vital in determining the management practices necessary to produce quality fish for the public.

ADDITIONAL INFORMATION

Questions and inquiries can be directed to Wildlife District Four, 360 E. State Street, Athens, Ohio 45701 telephone 740/592-2211. The Division also has a Web site for information on fishing regulations, tips, maps, and other wildlife related material (www.ohiodnr.com/wildlife). To get other maps or publications call toll free 1-800-WILDLIFE. For additional information on other MWCD lakes access their Web site at www.mwcdlakes.com.

TURN IN A POACHER

Ohio's TIP, "Turn In a Poacher," program is helping to curtail poaching throughout the state. TIP is designed to involve the public in reporting wildlife violations. Citizens who observe wildlife violations should call the TIP toll-free hotline, 1-800-POACHER.



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ODNR Division of Wildlife internet address: www.ohiodnr.com/wildlife

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